# Effects of Sequential Prepaid Incentives to Increase Participation and Data Quality in a Mail Sur vey of Pediatricians 

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## Outline of Topics

- Background
- Research Questions
- Methods
- Results
- Discussion


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## Background

- Researchers look to use incentivesto increase response rates in most effective manner
- Singer (2002); Singer and Ye (2013)
- Recent recommendations regarding incentives advise researchers to include a second cash incentive in a follow-up contact formail surveys
- Dillman, Smyth a nd Christian 2014
- Little research examining
- Amount
- Timing
- Relative amount - Increase, decrease, stay the same


## Background

- Some researchers beginning to experiment with sequential, prepaid incentives
- Messer \& Dillman (2011) and \& Moore and An (2001) found benefit to a second incentive in two studies (both used same amount \& priority mail)
- Dykema et al. (2015) found some evidence that inc reasing a mounts is effec tive
- Physicians are a particularly difficult population to survey
- Heavily surveyed
- Often require larger incentives


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## Research Questions

- Response rates
- Q1: Keeping total a mount a respondent might receive flat, Is it better to give all upfront or divide up into two sequential incentives
- Q2: With sequential incentives, does the relative a mount affect participation
- E.g., Same, sma ller first-larger sec ond, la rger first-smaller second


## Research Questions

- Costs
- Q3: Which options are most cost effective?
- Q4: How will cost per complete be affected if second amount is
- Larger
- Smaller
- The same a mount
- Q5: What will best maximize yield and response rate


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## Methods

- 8 Page mail survey booklet
- 4 Contacts
- Field Period: March -J une, 2016
- Nationwide Sample of Pediatricians
- Overall AAPOR RR1 53\%
- Study of pedia tricians' opinions, training and professional practices regarding child discipline and related parenting issues.


## Study Design

| Treatment Groups | First <br> Full Mailing <br> Incentive | Postcard <br> Reminder | Second Full <br> Mailing <br> Incentive | Third Full <br> Mailing |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group 1: \$10/\$0 | $\$ 10$ | - | $\$ 0$ | - |
| Group 2: \$5/\$5 | $\$ 5$ | - | $\$ 5$ | - |
| Group 3: \$5/\$10 | $\$ 5$ | - | $\$ 10$ | - |
| Group 4: \$10/\$5 | $\$ 10$ | - | $\$ 5$ | - |
| Group 5: \$10/\$10 | $\$ 10$ | - | $\$ 10$ | - |

(N of 300 pergroup)

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## Response rates: After $1^{\text {st }}$ full mailing \& $1^{\text {st }}$ incentive



Response rates: After $2^{\text {nd }}$ full mailing $\& 2^{\text {nd }}$ incentive


Response rates: After $3^{\text {rd }}$ full mailing


Response rates: After $2^{\text {nd }}\left(w / 2^{\text {nd }}\right.$ incentive) \& $3^{\text {rd }}$ full mailing


## Response rates: After initial incentive $\$ 5$ vs. $\$ 10$



Response rates: After $2^{\text {nd }}$ (w/incentive) \& $3^{\text {rd }}$ full mailing


## Cost

- When we think about costs
- What gain are we getting, and at what cost?
- How doesthis affect data quality
- Expenses vary in several ways
- Incentives themselvescost more or less
- Increasing participation to early contacts reduces the cost of sending subsequent mailings


## Costs - included variable costs only

- Supplies:
- postage (first class both directions)
- printing (envelopes, surveys, letters)
- cash incentives
- Labor.
- Prep for assembly
- Stuffing and mailing
- Logging retums
- Data entry


## Costs per complete by treatment

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 / \$ 0 \\ & (\mathrm{~N}=300) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 5 / \$ 5 \\ (\mathrm{~N}=300) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 5 / \$ 10 \\ & (N=300) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 / \$ 5 \\ & (\mathrm{~N}=300) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 / 10 \\ & (\mathrm{~N}=300) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Costs of Pre-Incentives | \$3,000 | \$2,540 | \$3,350 | \$3,950 | \$4,690 |
| Total Variable Costs | \$6,105 | \$5,705 | \$6,363 | \$6,988 | \$7,601 |

## Costs per complete by treatment

|  | $\$ 10 / \$ 0$ <br> $(N=300)$ | $\$ 5 / \$ 5$ <br> $(N=300)$ | $\$ 5 / \$ 10$ <br> $(N=300)$ | $\$ 10 / \$ 5$ <br> $(N=300)$ | $\$ 10 / 10$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ |
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| Cost Per Complete | $\mathbf{\$ 4 6 . 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 9 . 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 7 . 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 4 . 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 3 . 1 9}$ |

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| Cost Per Complete | \$46.61 | \$39.34 | 37.21 | \$44.80 | \$43.19 |

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## Costs per complete by incentive treatment

|  | $\$ 10 / \$ 0$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ | $\$ 5 / \$ 5$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ | $\$ 5 / \$ 10$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ | $\$ 10 / \$ 5$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ | $\$ 10 / 10$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cost Per Complete For First <br> Pre-Incentive | $\$ 44.27$ | $\$ 34.00$ | $\$ 27.07$ | $\$ 41.90$ | $\$ 36.43$ |
| Cost Per Complete For <br> Second Pre-Incentive | $\$ 54.84$ | $\$ 47.59$ | $\$ 56.46$ | $\$ 51.33$ | $\$ 59.76$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL Cost Per Complete | $\$ 46.61$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 9 . 3 4}$ | $\$ 37.21$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 4 . 8 0}$ | $\$ 43.19$ |
| AAPOR 1 RR Mail | $43.7 \%$ | $48.8 \%$ | $58.0 \%$ | $52.0 \%$ | $58.7 \%$ |

## Costs per complete by incentive treatment

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| Cost Per Complete | $\mathbf{\$ 4 6 . 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 9 . 3 4}$ | $\$ 37.21$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 4 . 8 0}$ | $\$ 43.19$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AAPOR 1 RR Mail | $43.7 \%$ | $48.8 \%$ | $58.0 \%$ | $52.0 \%$ | $58.7 \%$ |
| Total Number of Completes | 131 | 145 | 171 | 156 | 176 |

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## Discussion

- Use of second "sequential" incentive appears effective
- Cost
- Response rates
- Increa sing a mount of second incentive appears more effective


## Discussion

Nagging thoughts...
"What's behind envelope \#2?"

- Are we in danger of tra ining respondents to hold out for a bigger prize?
- Are doctors different? Docs vs.gen pop
- What about that 3rd full mailing...

Response rates: After 3rd full mailing


## Costs per complete by treatment

| Cost Per Complete <br> By Contact | $\$ 10 / \$ 0$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ | $\$ 5 / \$ 5$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ | $\$ 5 / \$ 10$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ | $\$ 10 / \$ 5$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ | $\$ 10 / 10$ <br> $(\mathrm{~N}=300)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contacts 1 \& 2 | $\$ 44.26$ | $\$ 33.63$ | $\$ 26.84$ | $\$ 41.90$ | $\$ 36.42$ |
| Contact 3 | $\$ 38.38$ | $\$ 48.03$ | $\$ 72.36$ | $\$ 55.93$ | $\$ 74.08$ |
| Contact 4 | $\$ 106.52$ | $\$ 46.45$ | $\$ 29.69$ | $\$ 42.11$ | $\$ 33.51$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL Cost Per Complete | $\mathbf{\$ 4 6 . 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 9 . 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 7 . 0 0}$ | $\$ 44.80$ | $\$ 43.19$ |

## Discussion

- Then it hit me!
- Middle of the night stroke of genius:

Any great idea needsa great name to market itself.

## Discussion

Any great idea needs a name.

You heard it here first:

## -The "DSIDM"

## DSIDM=

- The "Dykema Stevenson Incentive Design System"
- © 2017


## Discussion

Analysis yet to come:

- Does is affect data
- Missing data
(Item missing data rates)
- Differential response looking at
- Region
- Age of physician
- Type of practice
- Gender (no difference in prelimina ry results)


## Thank you!

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## Findings - Relative efficiency

- Cost-effectiveness mea sure E
- Ratio of incremental response rate/ incremental cost
- Allows for comparing the relative benefits of the different incentive treatments.


## Relative Efficiency

| Treatments | Total Cost | Response Rate Incremental RR |  | Incremental Cost E=IRR/ IC |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 10$ Pre \$0 Second | $\$ 6,105.59$ | $43.7 \%$ | - | 1.0 |  |
| $\$ 5$ Pre $\$ 5$ Second | $\$ 5,704.86$ | $48.8 \%$ | 11.8 | -6.6 | -1.80 |
| $\$ 5$ Pre $\$ 10$ Second | $\$ 6,362.99$ | $58.0 \%$ | 32.7 | 4.2 | 7.77 |
| $\$ 10$ Pre \$5 Second | $\$ 6,989.14$ | $52.0 \%$ | 19.1 | 14.5 | 1.32 |
| $\$ 10$ Pre \$10 Second | $\$ 7,601.63$ | $58.7 \%$ | 34.4 | 24.5 | 1.40 |


| Table: Final Response Rates, Costs \& Cost Effectiveness by Incentives (Reordered ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Treatments | Total Cost | Response Rate Incremental RR |  | Incremental Cost | E=IRR/ IC |  |
| \$5 Pre \$5 Second | $\$ 5,704.86$ | $48.8 \%$ | - |  |  |  |
| $\$ 10$ Pre \$0 Second | $\$ 6,105.59$ | $43.7 \%$ | -10.6 | 7.0 | -1.50 |  |
| \$5 Pre \$10 Second | $\$ 6,362.99$ | $58.0 \%$ | 18.7 | 11.5 | 1.62 |  |
| $\$ 10$ Pre \$5 Second | $\$ 6,989.14$ | $52.0 \%$ | 6.5 | 22.5 | 0.29 |  |
| \$10 Pre \$10 Second | $\$ 7,601.63$ | $58.7 \%$ | 20.2 | 33.2 | 0.61 |  |

